## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

Claim 1. (Amended) An improved locked-center idler of the type-having a pulley supported by a bearing, said bearing mounted upon a tension adjusting member, the improvement comprising

said tension adjusting member being in communication with a dual function fastener.

- Claim 2. (Original) The improvement of claim 1 wherein said tension adjusting member comprises a cylindrical portion adapted to cooperate with an inner portion of a bearing and an eccentric bore axially there through.
- Claim 3. (Original) The improvement of claim 1 wherein said tension adjusting member comprises a reaction friction surface and a resistance friction surface.
- Claim 4. (Original) The improvement of claim 3 wherein said reaction friction surface cooperates with a reaction mating surface of said dual function fastener to produce a reaction torque upon said tension adjusting member greater than a resistance torque produced by a cooperation of said resistance friction surface with a mounting surface.
- Claim 5. (Original) The improvement of claim 1 wherein said tension adjusting member comprises an arm with a pulley mounting portion and a dual function fastener receiving bore.
- Claim 6. (Original) The improvement of claim 1 wherein said tension adjusting member comprises a cylindrical portion adapted to coorperate with an inner portion of a bearing, a pivot extending axially and offset from the center of said cylindrical portion, a curved slot opening through the length of said cylindrical portion and having a mean curvature with an arc that defines a radius about said pivot.

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- (Original) A locked-center idler comprising: a pulley supported by a bearing said bearing mounted upon a tension adjusting member, and said tension adjusting member in communication with a dual function fastener.
- Claim 8. (Original) The locked-center idler of claim 7 wherein said tension adjusting member comprises a cylindrical portion adapted to cooperate with an inner portion of a bearing and an eccentric bore axially there through.
- Claim 9. (Original) The locked-center idler of claim 7 wherein said tension adjusting member comprises a reaction friction surface and a resistance friction surface.
- Claim 10. (Original) The locked-center idler of claim 9 wherein said reaction friction surface cooperates with an reaction mating surface of said dual function fastener to produce a reaction torque upon said tension adjusting member greater than a resistance torque produced by a cooperation of said resistance surface with a mounting surface.
- Claim 11. (Original) The locked-center idler of claim 7 wherein said tension adjusting member comprises an arr, with a pulley mounting portion and a dual function fastener receiving bore.
- Claim 12. (Original) The locked-center idler of claim 7 wherein said tension adjusting member comprises a cylindrical portion adapted to coorperate with an inner portion of a bearing, a pivot extending axially and offset from the center of said cylindrical portion, a curved slot opening through the length of said cylindrical portion and having a mean curvature with an arc that defines a radius about said pivot.
- Claim 13. (Original) A method of applying tension to a belt drive power transmission system comprising the steps of: providing a pulley assembly.

mounting said pulley assembly upon a tension adjusting member, attaching said tension adjusting member upon a mount that is substantially immobile in relation to an engine cylinder block with a dual function fastener,

training a power transmission belt about said pulley assembly, applying tension to said power transmission belt by applying a tightening torque to said dual function fastener, and

fixing the position of said tension adjusting member by applying said tightening torque to said dual function fastener.